PRELIMINARY

NLT Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NLB070WV01L-01

18cm (7.0 Type) WVGA LVDS interface

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET =

DOD-PP-1610(3rd edition)

This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-1531(2)

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INTRODUCTION

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The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NLB070WV01L-01 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing circuit, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- High contrast
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- LED backlight type
- LED driver circuit Built-in
- Replaceable lamp for backlight

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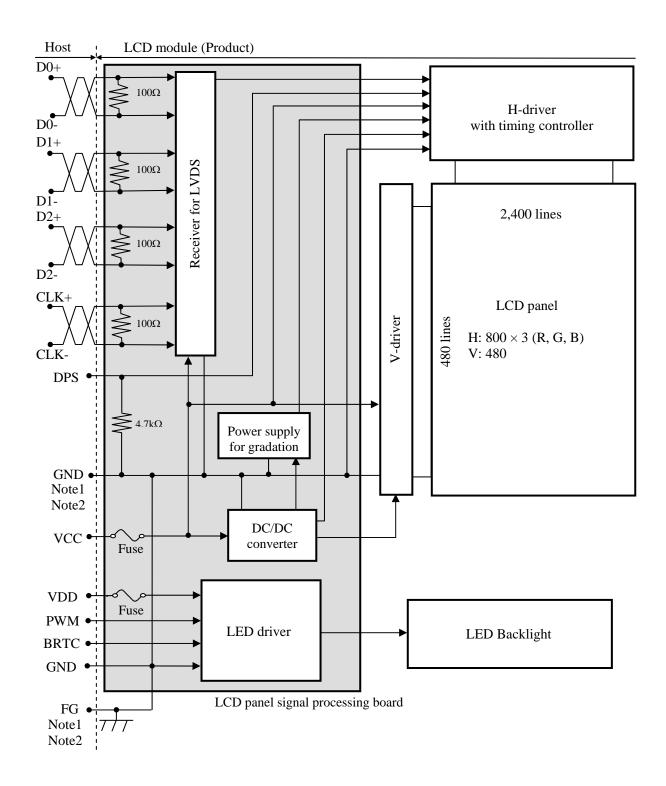


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2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	152.4 (H) × 91.44 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	18cm (7.0 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	262,144 colors
Pixel	800 (H) × 480 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.0635 \text{ (H)} \times 0.1905 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Pixel pitch	$0.1905 \text{ (H)} \times 0.1905 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Module size	170.0 (H) × 111.0 (V) × 8.25 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	(160) g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	(800):1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side (70°) (typ.), Left side (70°) (typ.) • Vertical: Up side (70°) (typ.), Down side (70°) (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Clear
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center (60%) (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ (18) ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 300 cd/m² (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port) (Receiver: SN65LVDS86A-Q1 (Texas Instruments Inc.) or equivalent) 6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel: 3.3V LED backlight: 5.0 to 12.0V
Backlight	LED backlight type built in LED Driver Circuit (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No.70LHS201
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, VDD= 5.0V, Checkered flag pattern (1.7) W (typ.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.



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4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$170.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 111.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 8.25 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	152.4 (H) × 91.44 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	(160) (typ.), (175) (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply	LCD	panel	VCC	-0.3 to 3.96	V		
voltage	LED	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to 17.5	ľ		
	Display No		VD	-0.5 to VCC+0.5			
Input voltage for	Function No		VF	-0.5 to 4.6	V	Ta= 25°C	
signals	F 1	C LED 1:	PWM	0.2 (11.2)	V		
	Function signal	for LED driver	BRTC	-0.3 to (11.2)	V		
:	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-	
0 1: 1		Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3	
Operating t	Operating temperature Re		TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4	
Relative humidity Note5			DII	≤ 90	%	Ta ≤ 40°C	
			RH	≤ 80	%	40 < Ta ≤ 50°C	
	Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 70	g/m ³	Ta > 50°C	

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation.

3

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4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	(150) Note1	(250) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 2.1 V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
DPS signals	Low	VFL	0	-	(0.5)	V	-
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	TBD	μΑ	
DPS signals	Low	IFL	TBD	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

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4.3.2 Backlight

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

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Paramete	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage	e	VDD	4.5	-	12.6	V	Note1
Dawar supply augrant				(240)	(260) Note2	mA	At VCC = 5.0V Note8
Power supply current	Power supply current		-	(100)	(110) Note2	mA	At VCC = 12.0V Note8
Permissible ripple vo	ltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	(5.5)	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	0	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	(5.5)	V	
BRTC signal	BRTC signal Low		0	-	0.8	V	-
PWM frequency		f_{PWM}	(100)	1	(1000)	Hz	Note4, Note5
PWM duty ratio		DR_{PWM}	1	-	100	%	Note6, Note7
PWM pulse v	vidth	tPWH	10	-	-	μs	Noteo, Note /

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note4: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note5: Depending on the frequency used, so noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note6: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than 10µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

Note7: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.

Note8: At the maximum luminance control.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following

table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supp	ly voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VDD	5.0 to 12.0 V	≤ 200	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

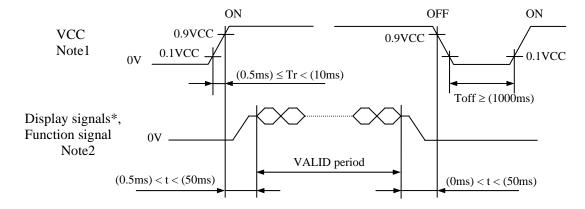
4.3.4 Fuse

•							
	Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
	Farameter	Type	Supplier	Kating	rusing current		
	VCC FCC16152AB		KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A		
			CO.,LTD	36V	3.0A	Note1	
	VDD FCC16152AB		KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A	Note1	
	עטע	FCC10132AB	CO.,LTD	36V	3.0A		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel



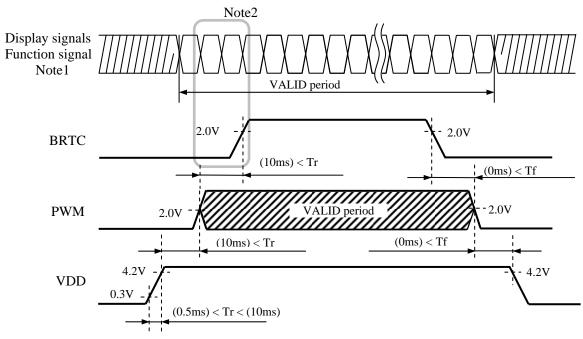
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, and CLK+/-) and function signal (DPS) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED driver board



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Adaptable plug:		FI-S20S (Japan A	viation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))					
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks					
1	GND	Ground	Note4					
2	GND	Ground	1,000					
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High: Reverse scan Low or Open: Normal scan Note2					
4	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open					
5	GND	Ground	Note4					
6	CLK+	Pixel clock	Nota3					
7	CLK-	I IACI CIOCK	Note3					
8	GND	Ground	Note4					
9	D2+	Pixel data (B2-B5,DE)	Note1, Note3					
10	D2-	Tixei data (B2-B3,BE)	11002, 11000					
11	GND	Ground	Note4					
12	D1+	Pixel data (G1-G5,B0-B1)	Note1, Note3					
13	D1-	Tixer data (GT-G5,b0-b1)	Note1, Note5					
14	GND	Ground	Note4					
15	D0+	Pixel data (R0-R5,G0)	Note1, Note3					
16	D0-	1 inci data (NO-NJ,CO)	110161, 110163					
17	GND	Ground	Note4					
18	GND	Oround	110104					
19	VCC	Power supply	Note4					
20	VCC	Tower suppry	110164					

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.



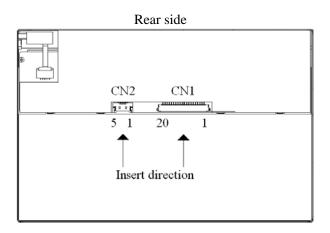
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4.5.2 Backlight

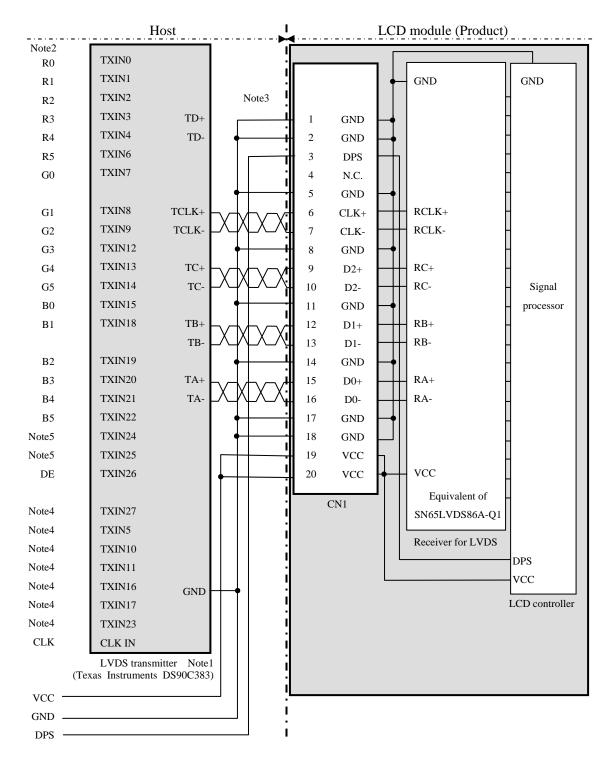
CN2 socket (LCD module side): MSB24038P5 (Produced by STM) Adaptable plug: P24038P5 (Produced by STM)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VDD	Power supply	-
2	GND	Ground	-
3	BRTC	Back light ON/OFF control	High-ON / Low-OFF
4	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming
5	N. C.	Non connection	Keep this pin Open.

4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS



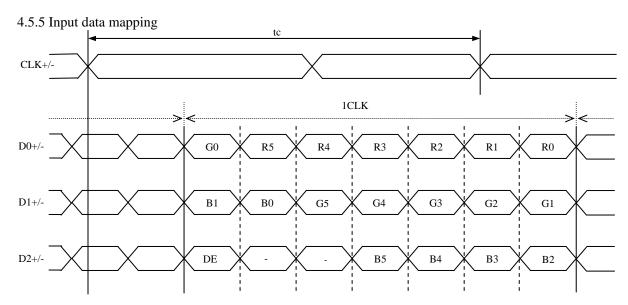
Note1: Recommended transmitter: DS90C383 (Texas Instrument) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TXIN27, TXIN5, TXIN10, TXIN11, TXIN16, TXIN17 and TXIN23 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TXIN27, TXIN5, TXIN10, TXIN11, TXIN16, TXIN17 and TXIN23 open to avoid noise problem.

Note5: Keep TXIN24 and TXIN25 High level.



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between

input data signals. See following table.

Display	colors						Data		al (0:	Low	level	, 1: E	ligh le	evel)					
Display	COIOIS	R 5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\mathbf{B}_{\hat{z}}$	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay a	↑			:	:					;	:					;	:		
Red gray scale	\downarrow			:	:					:	:						:		
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ъ 1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
sc /	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑			:						:						:			
en i	↓		0		:	0	0		1	1		0	1	0	0	0	:	0	0
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
' sc	dark ↑	0	U	υ.		U	U	U	U	U		U	U	U	U	· ·		1	U
Blue gray scale	$\uparrow \\ \downarrow$																		
ine	↓ bright	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
BI	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)	В					
1	<u></u>					
$\left(\begin{array}{cc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}\right)$	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•						
•						
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
	•				•	
	•	•			•	
C(0, 478)	C(1, 478)	• • •	C(X, 478)	• • •	C(798, 478)	C(799, 478)
C(0, 479)	C(1, 479)		C(X, 479)		C(798, 479)	C(799, 479)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.

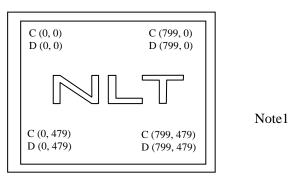


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS:Low or Open)

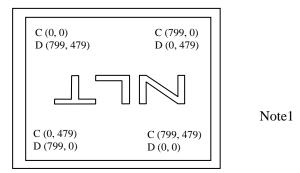


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

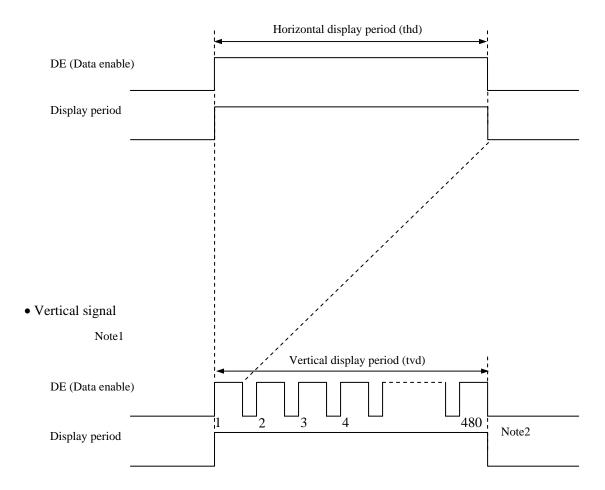
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.



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4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Frequency		1/tc	28.0	32.256	36.0	MHz	31.002ns (typ.)	
CLK		-				1			
	Rise time, Fall time		-	-			ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-					-	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-	-			ns		
	Rise tir	-				ns			
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	28.44	31.746	36.57	μs	31.5 kHz (typ.)	
				889	1,024	1,143	CLK	31.3 KHZ (typ.)	
		Display period	thd		800		CLK	-	
	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	14.931	16.667	19.19	ms		
DE		Cycle	Cycle		525	767	Н	60.0 Hz (typ.)	
		Display period	tvd		480		Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-		•	•	ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-	-		ns	-		
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns		

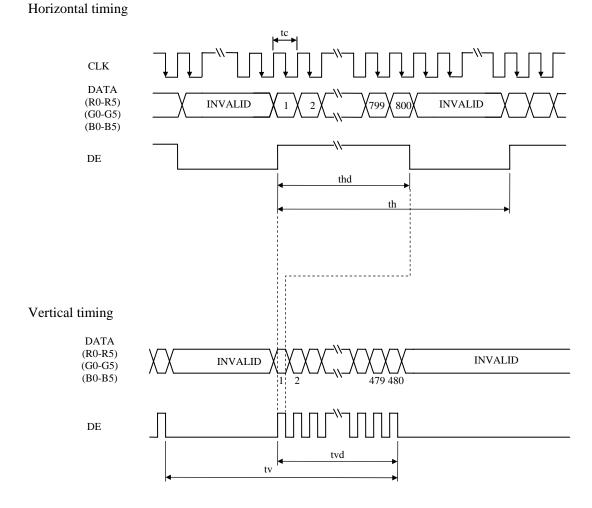
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart



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4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$	L	(210)	300	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	(480)	(800)	ı	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance unit	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	(1.25)	(1.4)	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	Willite	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	-	-	SR-3	Note5
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	-	-		
Cinomaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	-	-		
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	Ву	-	TBD	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	C	(55)	(60)	-	%		
	White to Black		Ton	-	(3)	(5)	ms	DM 5A	N-4-6
Response time		Black to White		-	(15)	(21)	ms	BM-5A -10000	Note6 Note7
		Ton + Toff	-	-	(18)	(26)	ms	-10000	Note /
	Right	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θR	(60)	(70)	-	0		
Viewing angle	Left	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θL	(60)	(70)	-	0	EZ	N-4-0
	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	(60)	(70)	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	(60)	(70)	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

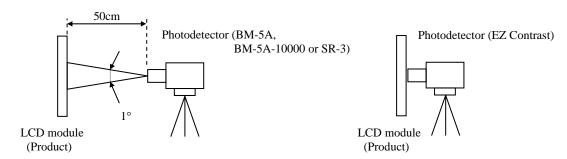
Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM: Duty 100%,

Display mode: WVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/31.5kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz,

DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 25°C Note7: See "**4.10.4 Definition of response times**". Note8: See "**4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles**".

3

3

3

3

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

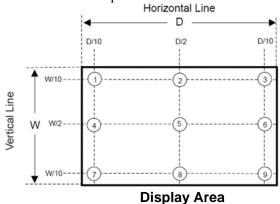
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

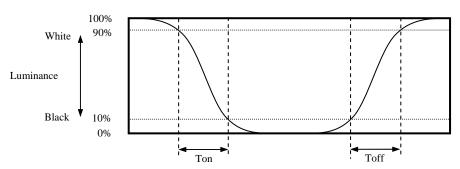
$$Luminance\ uniformity\ (LU) = \frac{Maximum\ luminance\ from\ \textcircled{1}\ to\ \textcircled{9}}{Minimum\ luminance\ from\ \textcircled{1}\ to\ \textcircled{9}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.

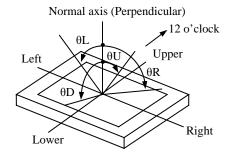


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white "to "black", or "black "to "white "on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





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5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM Duty: 100%	30,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.



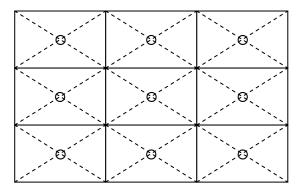
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6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment	Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black.		
High temperature (Operation)	① 70 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black.		
Thermal shock (Non operation)	① -20 ± 3°C30minutes 60 ± 3°C30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.	No display malfunctions	
ESD (Operation)	Contact Discharge ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±15kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval		
Vibration (Non operation)	① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s ² ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 120 times each directions No display malfunction		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	① 539m/s², 11ms ② X, Y, Z directions ③ 5 times each directions	No physical damages	

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s 2 and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (ϕ 16mm jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⓐ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.23 N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.0 mm.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- **(6)** Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ② Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

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7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- 4) This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

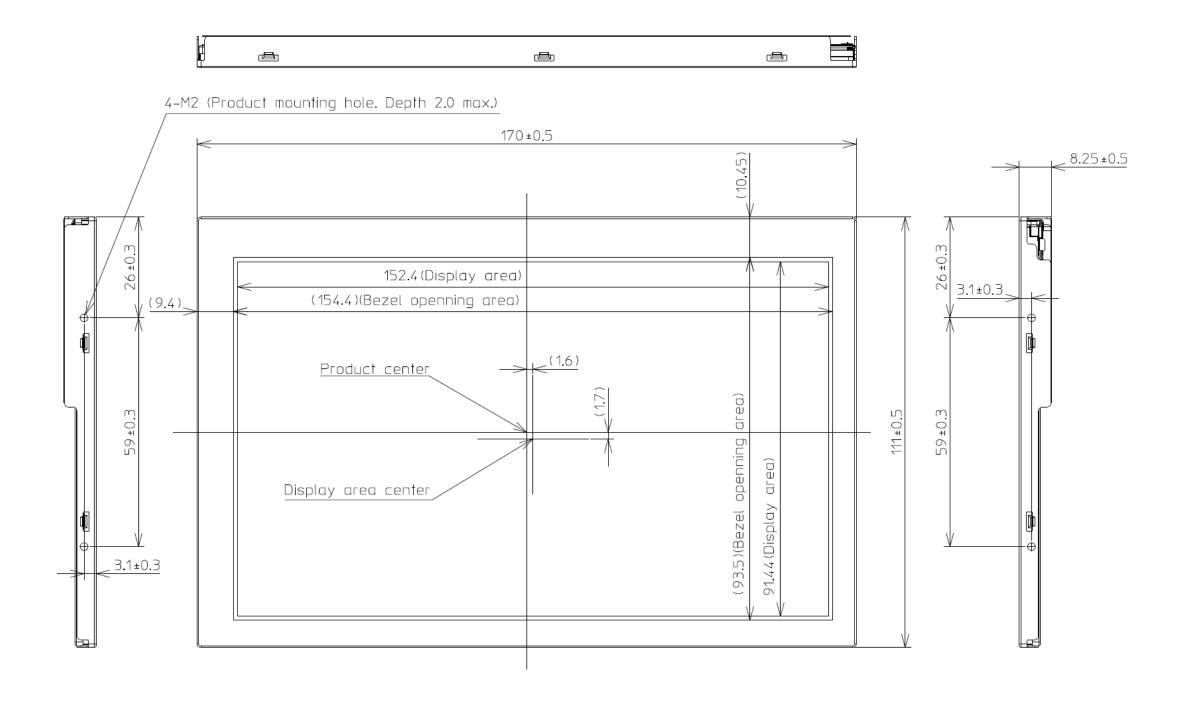
7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.

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8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



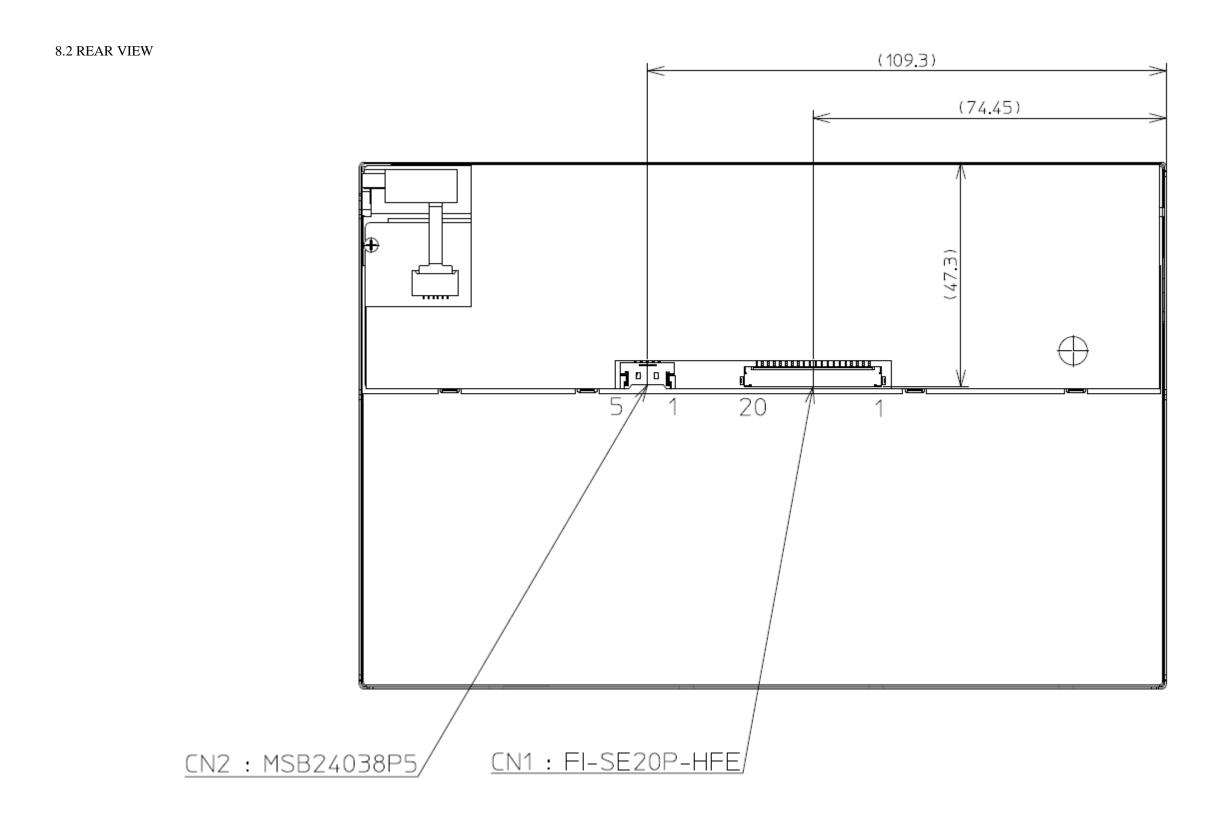


Unit: mm

Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.23 N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be \leq 2.0 mm.

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Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.23 N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be \leq 2.0 mm.

Unit: mm

REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepare d date	Revision contents and signature					
1st	DOD-PP-	Oct. 11,	Revision contents					
edition	1495	2012						
			New issue					
			Writer					
			Approved by Checked by Prepared by					
			K. FUJIMOTO E. YOSHIMURA					
2nd	DOD-PP-	Dec. 17,	Revision contents					
edition	1531	2012						
			P4 FEATURE					
			• 6 bit digital RGB signals (elimination)					
			P5 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS					
			• Module size: TBD (D) \rightarrow 8.25 (D)					
			• Designed viewing direction: At DPS= TBD or Open → At DPS= Low or Open					
			• Signal system: Receiver: TBD					
			→ SN65LVDS86A-Q1 (Texas Instruments Inc.) or equivalent					
			• Power supply voltage - LED backlight: $12.0V \rightarrow 5.0$ to $12.0 V$					
			• Power consumption: VDD= 12.0V (addition)					
			P6 BLOCK DIAGRAM (specified)					
			P7 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
			• Module size: TBD (D) \rightarrow 8.25 \pm 0.5 (D)					
			P7 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
			• Power supply voltage - LCD panel: TBD V \rightarrow -0.3 to 6.5 V					
			- LED driver: TBD V \rightarrow -0.3 to 26.5 V					
			• Input voltage for signals - Display signals, Function signal: TBD V → -0.3 to VCC+0.3V					
			- Function signal for LED driver: TBD V \rightarrow -0.3 to 26.5 V					
			• Relative humidity - Rating: $\leq 95 \rightarrow \leq 90, \leq 85 \rightarrow \leq 80$					
			$: \le 55, \le 36 \text{ (elimination)}$					
			• Absolute humidity - Remarks: $Ta > 70^{\circ}C \rightarrow Ta > 50^{\circ}C$					
			P8 LCD panel signal processing board					
			• Power supply voltage: TBD (min., max.) $V \rightarrow 3.0$ (min.), 3.6 (max.) V					
			• Differential input threshold voltage: at VCM= TBD V \rightarrow at VCM= 2.1 V					
			• Input voltage for DPS signals - High: TBD (min., max.) → 0.7VCC (min.), VCC (max.)					
			- Low: TBD (min., max.) → 0 (min.), 0.3VCC (max.) P9 Backlight					
			• Power supply voltage: TBD (min.), 12.0 (typ.), TBD (max.) V → 4.5 (min.), - (typ.), (12.6) (max.) V					
			• Power supply current - Remarks: At the maximum luminance control					
			\rightarrow at VCC= 5.0 V, at VCC= 12.0 V					
			• Input voltage for PWM signal - High: TBD (min.) $V \rightarrow 2.0$ (min.) $V \rightarrow 1.0$ (min.) $V \rightarrow 1.0$ (max.)					
			 Input voltage for PWM signal - High: TBD (min.) V → 2.0 (min.) V Low: TBD (min., max.) V → - (min.), 0.8 (max.) V 					
			• PWM duty ratio (addition)					
			• PWM pulse width: TBD (min.) μs →10 (min.) μs					
			• Note6: $5 \mu s \rightarrow 10 \mu s$ (correction)					
			• Note7 (addition)					
			• Note8 (addition)					
			P9 Power supply voltage ripple					
			• Power supply voltage - VDD: $12.0 \text{ V} \rightarrow 5.0 \text{ to } 12.0 \text{ V}$					
			P9 Fuse (specified)					
1			2 2 and (opposition)					

REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Document number	Prepare d date	Revision contents and signature						
2nd	DOD-PP-	Dec. 17,	Revision contents						
edition	1531	2012	D10 I CD panal						
			P10 LCD panel • VCC: TBD → 0.1 VCC (2points), 0.9 VCC (2points)						
			: TBD \leq Tr $<$ TBD \rightarrow (0.5ms) \leq Tr $<$ (10ms), Toff \geq TBD \rightarrow Toff \geq (1000ms)						
			• TBD $<$ t $<$ TBD \rightarrow (0.5ms) $<$ t $<$ (50ms), TBD $<$ t $<$ TBD \rightarrow (0ms) $<$ t $<$ (50ms)						
			P10 LED driver board						
			• BRTC: TBD \rightarrow 2.0 V (2points)						
			: TBD < Tr < TBD \rightarrow (10ms) \leq Tr, TBD < Tf < TBD \rightarrow (0ms) $<$ Tf						
			• PWM: 2.0 V (2points)						
			: TBD < Tr < TBD \rightarrow (10ms) < Tr, TBD < Tf < TBD \rightarrow (0ms) < Tf						
			• VDD: 4.2 V (2points), 0.3 V (1point), TBD $<$ Tr $<$ TBD \rightarrow (0.5ms) $<$ Tr $<$ (10ms) P11 LCD panel signal processing board						
			• Pin No.3 - Remarks: TBD Reverse scan → High Reverse scan						
ļ			TBD or Open Normal scan → Low or Open Normal scan						
			• Pin No.4: GND, Ground, Note4 → N.C., - , Keep this pin Open						
ļ			P12 Positions of plug and socket (specified)						
			P13 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS						
			• Host - TD+, TD- (addition)						
			- TXIN24, TXIN25: Note4 → Note5						
			• LCD module: Equivalent of TBD → Equivalent of SN65LVDS86A-Q1						
			• Receiver for LVDS: GND, VCC (addition)						
ļ			 Note4: TXIN24, TXIN25 (slimination) Note5 (addition) 						
ļ			P15 SCANNING DIRECTIONS						
ļ			• Figure 1: TBD → Low						
ļ			Figure2: TBD → High						
			P17 Timing characteristics						
			 CLK - Frequency: TBD (min., max.) MHz → 28.0 (min.), 36.0(max.) MHz DE - Horizontal - Cycle: TBD (min., max.) μs → 28.44 (min.), 36.57 (max.) μs TBD (min. max.) CLK → 889 (min.) 1.143 (max.) CLK 						
			: TBD (min., max.) CLK → 889 (min.), 1,143 (max.) CL • DE - Vertical - Cycle: TBD (min., max.) ms → 14.931 (min.), 19.19 (max.) ms : TBD (min., max.) H → 513 (min.), 767 (max.) H						
ļ			P19 Optical characteristics						
			• Note2: DPS= TBD or Open: Nomal scan → DPS= Low or Open: Nomal scan P22 RELIABILITY TESTS						
			• ESD: Contact Discharge ① 330 Ω , $\pm 8kV \rightarrow 150\Omega$, $\pm 15kV$						
			: Air Discharge (elimination)						
ļ			• Vibration: ① $11.76 \text{ m/s}^2 \rightarrow 19.6 \text{m/s}^2$						
			• Mechanical shock: ① 490 m/s ² \rightarrow 539 m/s ²						
			$3 \text{ times} \rightarrow 5 \text{ times}$						
			P23 CAUTIONS • 490 m/s ² \rightarrow 539 m/s ² P23 Handling of the product						
			• ④ TBD N·m. → 0.23 N·m., TBD mm → 2.0 mm P25,26 OUTLINE DRAWINGS (specified)						
			• Note2: TBD N·m. \rightarrow 0.23 N·m., TBD mm \rightarrow 2.0 mm						
			Writer						
ļ			Approved by Checked by Prepared by						
			K. FUJIMOTO E. YOSHIMURA						

REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Document number	Prepare d date	1	Revision contents and signatu	ure			
3rd	DOD-PP-	Apr. 5,	Revision contents					
edition	1610	2013	P4 FEATURES					
			Replaceable lamp for back					
			P5 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS • Weight: TRD g (typ.) → (160) g (typ.)					
			 Weight: TBD g (typ.) → (160) g (typ.) Viewing angle - Vertical: (60°) → (70°) 					
			Backlight: Replaceable pa					
			Power consumption: VDI	DD=5.0V, (1.7) W (typ.)				
			P7 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
			• Weight: TBD (typ., max.) $g \rightarrow (160)$ (typ.), (175) (max.) g P7 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
			 Power supply voltage - LCD panel: -0.3 to 6.5 V → -0.3 to 3.96 V LED driver: -0.3 to 26.5 V → -0.3 to 17.5 V 					
				Display signals: -0.3 to VCC-				
				Function signals: -0.3 to VCC				
			- Fu P8 LCD panel signal processing	_	$-0.3 \text{ to } 26.5 \text{ V} \rightarrow -0.3 \text{ to } (11.2) \text{ V}$			
				D (typ., max.) mA \rightarrow (150) (typ.	yp.), (250) (max.) mA			
				nal - Low: 0.3VCC (max.) V -				
			P9 Backlight	ND () NI 10 () NI				
				BD (max.) $V \rightarrow 12.6$ (max.) $V \rightarrow 12.6$ (max.) $V \rightarrow 12.6$ (max.) $V \rightarrow 12.6$	\rightarrow (240) (typ.), (260) (max.) mA			
					$A \rightarrow (240) \text{ (typ.), } (200) \text{ (max.) mA}$ $A \rightarrow (100) \text{ (typ.), } (110) \text{ (max.) mA}$			
				gnal - High: - (max.) $V \rightarrow (5.5)$				
			- Low: - (min.) $V \rightarrow 0$ (min.) V					
			• Input voltage for BRICs	ignal - High: - (max.) $V \rightarrow (5.1)$ - Low: - (min.) $V \rightarrow 0$ (m				
			P19 Optical characteristics	,				
			• Luminance: TBD (min.)					
			 Contrast ratio: TBD (min.) → (480) (min.) Color gamut: TBD (min.) % → (55) (min.) % Response time: TBD (max.) ms → (5), (21), (26) (max.) ms Viewing angle - (θR, θL, θU, θD): TBD (min.) ° → ((60), (60), (60), (60)) (min.) ° 					
			$- \theta$ D: (60) (typ.) ° → (70) (typ.) °					
			• Note6: TopF= TBD°C \rightarrow TopF= 25°C					
			Signature of writer					
			Approved by	Checked by	Prepared by			
			K. Frijimoto		E. yoshimura			
			K. FUJIMOTO		E. YOSHIMURA			